



Agromet Advisory Bulletin

Date : 25-06-2021

Weather Forecast of NAGPUR(Maharashtra) Issued On : 2021-06-25(Valid Till 08:30 IST of the next 5 days)

Parameter	2021-06-26	2021-06-27	2021-06-28	2021-06-29	2021-06-30
Rainfall	1.9	2.6	7.7	15.6	10.3
Tmax(°C)	28.7	28.9	28.3	27.8	28.0
Tmin(°C)	21.8	21.5	21.5	21.2	21.0
RH-I(%)	90	88	92	95	95
RH-II(%)	78	80	85	88	90
Wind Speed(kmph)	7.0	9.0	10.0	8.0	9.0
Wind Direction(Degree)	245	282	275	305	260
Cloud Cover(Octa)	6	7	7	7	7

Weather Summary/Alert:

In Nagpur district, as per forecast given by, IMD, RMC, Nagpur, sky will be partially to mostly during next five days (26th June to 30th June, 2021) and on 26th June, very light rain occurs very likely at most places and thunderstorm accompanied with lightning very likely to occur at isolated places, on 27th and 28th June light rain occurs very likely at many places and thunderstorm accompanied with lightning very likely to occur at isolated places, on 29th June moderate rainfall occurs very likely at many places and on 30th June light rainfall very likely to occur at few places is forecasted. As per Extended Range Forecast during 25th June 2021 to 01st July 2021 and 02nd July 2021 to 08th July 2021 above normal rainfall in Vidarbha is forecasted.

General Advisory:

In areas of Nagpur district where there is no sowable rain and not enough moisture in the soil, farmers should sow after 80 to 100 mm of rain in 3 to 4 consecutive days, making sure that there is sufficient moisture in the soil for sowing and only after the arrival of Wafsa condition. Sowing should be postponed in areas where there is insufficient rainfall and low soil moisture. In Kalmeshwar, Katol and Narkhed block of the district where sowing has been already done, protective light irrigation should be given to the crop if there is a lack of moisture in the soil and crop water need if it is required with the sprinkler or drip irrigation system.

SMS Advisory:

Thunderstorms and lightning are very likely to be forecasted, if you hear thunderstorms while working in the fields take shelter in a safe place immediately.

Crop Specific Advisory:

Crop(Varieties)	Crop Specific Advisory
PIGEON PEA (RED GRAM/ARHAR)	Sowing of pigeon pea should be done only after 80 to 100 mm rainfall, ensuring the adequate moisture in the soil and soil is in Wafsa condition. Rhizobium or Phosphorus Dissolving Fertilizer (PSB) {250 gm per 10 kg of seed} should be used for seed treatment. Recommended varieties of Arhar are- AKT-8811, PKV-TARA,

Crop(Varieties)	Crop Specific Advisory
	BSMR-853, BSMR-736 and ICPL-87119 (Aasha). Treat the pigeon pea seed with Carboxin 37.5% + Thiram 37.5% DS 3 gm per kg seed before sowing.
SOYABEAN	Sowing of soybean should be done only after 80 to 100 mm rainfall, ensuring the adequate moisture in the soil and soil is in Wafsa condition. The spacing between two rows and two plants should be 30 X 8 or 45 X 5 cm and sowing should be done horizontally and east to west direction. For sowing J.S.-335, J.S.-9305, M.A.U.S. -71, M.A.U.S. -158, M.A.U.S. -162, J.S.-20-29, J.S.-20-34, A.M.S.-1001(PDKV Yellow Gold), AMS-MB-5-18 are recommended variety should be used. Treat the soybean seed with Carboxin 37.5% + Thiram 37.5% DS 3 gm per kg seed before sowing. In order to control yellow mosaic virus in soybean crop, seed treatment should be done as Thiamethoxam 30 FS 10 ml per kg seed or Imidacloprid 48 FS 1.25 ml per kg seed is recommended.
GREEN GRAM	Sowing of green gram should be done only after 80 to 100 mm rainfall, ensuring the adequate moisture in the soil and soil is in Wafsa condition. PKV Moog-8802, PKV Greengold (AKM 9911) varieties of green gram should be select for cultivation of green gram crop, 12-15 kg seed per hectare, spacing between two rows is 30/45 cm and spacing between two plants is 10 cm. Seed treatment, fertilizers as well as bacterial culture should be used before sowing. Apply 20 kg N and 40 kg P per hectare at the time of sowing.
BLACK GRAM	Sowing of black gram should be done only after 80 to 100 mm rainfall, ensuring the adequate moisture in the soil and soil is in Wafsa condition. For cultivation of Black gram crop, TAU-1, TAU-2, PKV udid-15 and PKV black gold varieties should be select, 12-15 kg seed per hectare, spacing between two rows 30/45 cm and spacing between two plants 10 cm. Seed treatment, fertilizers as well as bacterial culture should be used before sowing. Apply 20 kg N and 40 kg P per hectare at the time of sowing.
COTTON	Intercropping system viz., Cotton + Green gram (1:2) or Cotton + Black gram (1:1) or Cotton + soybean (1:1) or Cotton + Pigeon pea (6:1 or 8-10:2) should be adopted for sustainable production.
COTTON	Sowing of cotton should be done only after 80 to 100 mm rainfall, ensuring the adequate moisture in the soil and soil is in Wafsa condition. Treat the cotton seed with (Carboxin 37.5% + Thiram 37.5% DS) @3.5 g or Fluxapyroxad (333 g/L FS) @1.5 ml or Tetraconazole 11.6% W/W (12.5% w/v) SL @1.5 ml per kg of seeds or Trichoderma powder (biofungicide) should be done at the rate of 10 g per kg of seeds before sowing for the management of seed borne diseases. Also treat the seed with Azotobacter for nitrogen fixation and PSB @20-25 gm /kg seed for phosphate solubilization.
COTTON	Use Pendimethalin 38.7 % CS @1.5 -1.75 ai/ha (20-25 ml per lit of water) as a pre-emergence weedicide for control of weeds in early stage of crop.
CITRUS	If citrus canker disease is noticed, affected leaves, branches should be pruned and burnt. Spray copper oxychloride 180 gm with Streptocycline 6 gm in 60 litres of water. Repeat the spray 3-4 times at an interval of 30 days. To check fruit drop of Ambia bahar spray the santra trees with 1.5 gms 2, 4-D or gibberellic acid (GA). 100 gms carbendazim 50 wp with 1 kg urea in 100 litres of water. Repeat the spray after 15 days if the fruit drop continues.
CITRUS	If Incidence of Citrus Psylla on the new leaves of Mrig bahar is noticed, it can be managed by spray Dimethoate 30 EC 2 ml or Imidacloprid 17.8 SL 0.5 ml or Quinalphos 25 EC 1 ml or Acephate 75 SP 1 g Thiamethoxam 25 WG 0.3 g in one liter of water. Repeat second spray after 10-15 days interval.

Horticulture Specific Advisory:

Horticulture(Varieties)	Horticulture Specific Advisory
CHILLI	Before transplanting of chilli seedlings, the apical shoot tip of seedlings should be dip in the solution of dimethoate 30 EC 10ml+ Sulphur 80 WDG 3 grams + Mancozeb 75 % WP 2.5 grams in one liter of water.

Live Stock Specific Advisory:

Live Stock(Varieties)	Live Stock Specific Advisory
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Live Stock(Varieties)	Live Stock Specific Advisory
GOAT	Vaccinate the goat against FMD, HS, PPR and enterotoxaemia. Offer clean and cold water (stored in earthen pot) to the animals. Keep the livestock under the shed to protect from heat.

Others (Soil / Land Preparation) Specific Advisory:

Others (Soil / Land Preparation) (Varieties)	Others (Soil / Land Preparation) Specific Advisory
PLANT PROTECTION	Read the label carefully when buying and spraying herbicides. Do not spray herbicides in cloudy and rainy weather. Pre-sowing herbicide apply, when there is no wind and sufficient moisture in the soil, before germination of the seed. Use clean water for spraying and avoid spraying after germination in hot sun.
GENERAL ADVICE	Farmers should take care of thunder and lightning in the sky: If you are working in the field, take shelter immediately near the field. After taking shelter in a safe place in the field, keep dry wood, plastic, gonapath, dry mulch under the feet. Sit with both feet together and both hands on your knees. Make sure that no part of your body touches the ground except your feet. Individuals working in ponds, such as places where there is moisture in the soil or water sources, should go to a safe and dry place immediately. If there are tall trees nearby, take shelter at a distance twice the height of that tree.
GENERAL ADVICE	Farmers should take care of thunder and lightning in the sky: A pucca house is the safest place to avoid lightning. Farmers should plant trees as low as possible around their houses and livestock sheds. Moist, swampy places and water sources (wells, lakes, rivers, farm ponds etc.) should be avoided as much as possible. If traveling in a four-wheeler, stop in the vehicle. Farmers should take care that they do not have any metal tools. When working in the field, do not let more people work together at the same time. Care should be taken to keep a distance of at least 15-20 feet between two persons. Do not use an umbrella with a metal rod. Stay away from other electric tools made by farmers as well as metal ones.